MUMIAS KIDS CENTRE

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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#### ORGANISATION INFORMATION

**TYPE OF ORGANIZATION**: Non-Governmental Organization

BOARD OF DIRECTORS : Elizabeth Mutimba Wahl - Chairperson

: Mercy Zawadi: Michael Andreas Merkt- Secretary: Treasurer

**REGISTERED OFFICE**: Mumias - Musanda Road

: Plot No. 3338

: P.O. Box 371 - 50102

: MUMIAS

**AUDITORS**: KHOYA AND COMPANY

: Certified Public Accountants : P.O. Box , 6430 - 40100

: KISUMU

PRINCIPAL BANKERS : Equity Bank

: MUMIAS

#### BOARD MEMBERS' REPORT AND CERTIFICATE.

The board of directors submit their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, which disclose the state of affairs of the organisation.

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

- : To provide home and shelter for the orphaned children
- : To provide food and clothing for the orphaned children
- : To provide educational assistance
- : To provide spiritual nourishment to the children aiming to transform their lives.

#### **RESULTS**

The results of the organisation for the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in the combined income and expenditure statement on page 7 and project income and expenditure statements on pages 8 to 17.

#### **BOARD MEMBERS**

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

The names of the directors who held office during the year to the date of this report are shown on page 1.

#### **AUDITORS**

KHOYA and Company were appointed during the year and have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

# CHAIRPERSON KISUMU 2018

#### STATEMENT OF BOARD MEMBERS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Board members are required to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the organisation as at the end of the financial year and of the operating results for that year. The board members should also ensure that the organisation maintains proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the organisation. Board members are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the organisation.

The board accept the responsibility for the financial statements which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, consistent with previous years and in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards. The board members are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the financial affairs of the organisation as at 31 December 2017 and of its operating results for the year then ended. The board members further confirm the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records maintained by the organisation which have been relied upon in the preparation of the financial statements, as well as on the adequacy of the systems of internal financial controls.

a going concern for at least the next twelve months from	n the date of this statement.
Approved by the board members on	2018 and signed on its behalf by:
CHAIRPERSON	SECRETARY
TREASURER	

Nothing has come to the attention of the board members to indicate that the organisation will not remain

# Khoya and Co. Certified Public Accountants (K)

Awori House 1 st Floor Door 43

P.O. BOX 6430 - 40103,

**Tel:** 057-2026210

Bank street

KISUMU

**Mob:** 0722-328769

Date: 4th March, 2018

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF MUMIAS KIDS CENTRE (MKC)

#### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Mumias Kids Centre (MKC)** set out on pages 5 to 17, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the income and expenditure statement and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Board Member's responsibility for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an independent opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Mumias Kids Centre (MKC) as at 31 December 2017, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Certified Public Accountants	
KISUMU	
	201

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2017 Shs	2016 Shs
Non-current assets Assets	1	18,186,272	18,414,318
Current assets		18,186,272	18,414,318
Cash and cash equivalents	2	382,571	134,783
Current liabilities		382,571	134,783
Trade and other payables	3	150,621	150,621
N		150,621	150,621
Net current assets		231,950 18,418,222	(15,838) 18,398,480
Represented by: Funds			
Accumulated fund General fund		17,744,471 673,751	17,724,729 673,751
		18,418,222	18,398,480
		18,418,222	18,398,480

The financial statements on pages 5 to 17 were authorized for issue	e by the board of directors on
2018 and were signed on its behalf by:	
CHAIRPERSON	SECRETARY
TREASURER	

The accounting policies on pages 9 to 11 and the notes on pages 12 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT (Consolidated)

	Notes	Actual 2017 Shs	Budget 2017 Shs	Actual 2016 Shs
Income Grants Other Income	4 5	11,505,984	10,590,202	11,099,892
Expenditure	-	11,505,984	10,590,202	11,099,892
Home Based Care Support	13 (a)	(4,198,754)	(4,020,000)	(3,947,939)
Education Support	13 (b)	(725,666)	(385,000)	(565,768)
Farm Expenses	13 (c)	(39,219)	-	(50,105)
Capital Expenditure	13 (d)	-	-	(28,995)
Personnel Costs	14	(4,216,713)	(3,783,797)	(4,419,647)
Administrative Costs	15	(2,058,869)	(1,349,050)	(2,216,294)
Financial Costs	16	(18,975)	-	(21,175)
Depreciation		(228,046)	-	(289,201)
Total expenditure	-	(11,486,242)	(9,537,847)	(11,539,124)
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	-	19,742	-	(439,232)
Add: Depreciation not involving movement of funds	-	228,046		289,201
		247,788	-	(150,031)
Balance brought forward as at 1st January 2017	-	134,783		284,814
Surplus carried forward as at 31st December 2017	=	382,571	-	134,783

The accounting policies on pages 9 to 11 and the notes on pages 12 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	General fund	Accumulated fund	Total
As start of 2016	673,751	18,163,961	18,837,712
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year	-	(439,232)	(439,232)
At end of 2016	673,751	17,724,729	18,398,480
As start of 2017	673,751	17,724,729	18,398,480
Surplus for the year	-	19,742	19,742
At end of 2017	673,751	17,744,471	18,418,222

The accounting policies on pages 9 to 11 and the notes on pages 12 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		2017	2017
	Notes	2017 Shs	2016 Shs
Cash flow (used in) operating activities			
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	6	247,788	(121,035)
Net cash (used in)/generated from in operations		247,788	(121,035)
Investing activities			
Capital expenditure for the year	1		(28,995)
Net cash (used in) investing activities			(28,995)
Financing activities			
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities			
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		247,788	(150,030)
Movement in cash and cash equivalents			
At start of year (Decrease)/increase		134,783 247,788	284,815 (150,030)
At end of year	2	382,571	134,783

The accounting policies on pages 9 to 11 and the notes on pages 12 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

There have been no new Standards, Amendments and Interpretations relevant to the organisation that have been adopted in the year ending 31 December 2010.

The following standard has been issued and is mandatory for the organisation's periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and is expected to be relevant to the organisation:

- International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS 9) on 'Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement' - The standard was issued in November 2009 and will replace the areas in International Accounting Standard 39 (IAS 39) that relate to classification and measurement of financial assets. Adoption is mandatory from 1 January 2013 although early adoption is permissible.
- IAS 7 on 'Cash flow Statement' (effective on or after 1 January 2011). The amendment requires that
  only expenditures that result in a recognised asset in the statement of financial position can be
  classified as investing activities. It is not expected to have a material impact on the organisation's
  financial statements.

#### b) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises grants received and expended during the year. Unexpended portion of grant is deferred.

#### c) Assets

All assets are initially recorded at cost and thereafter stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost comprises expenditure initially incurred to bring the asset to its location and condition ready for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the organisation and the cost can be reliably measured. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income and expenditure statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on assets is calculated on the reducing balance basis to write down the cost of each asset, to its residual value over its estimated useful life using the following annual rates:

	Rate %
Land & Building	0
Equipment	12.5
Computers and copiers	30
Furniture and fittings	12.5

Depreciation charge on donated assets is charged against deferred income relating to capital expenditure.

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### c) Assets (continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account in determining (deficit)/surplus for the year.

#### d) Financial instrument

#### Financial assets

The organisation's financial assets which include cash and bank balances, unquoted shares and trade and other receivables fall into the following category:

Loans and receivables: financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are classified as current assets where maturities are within 12 months of the reporting date. All assets with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as non-current assets. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Changes in the carrying amount are recognised in the income and expenditure statement.

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date on which the organisation commits to purchase or sell the asset.

A financial asset is impaired if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The amount of the impairment loss for assets carried at amortised cost is calculated at the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present values of expected future cash flows, discounted at the financial instrument's effective interest rate. Impairment losses are taken into account for determining operating surplus.

#### Financial liabilities

The organisation's financial liabilities which include trade and other payables and borrowings fall into the following category:

**Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:** These are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised as interest expense in the income and expenditure statement under finance costs.

All financial liabilities are classified as current liabilities unless the organisation has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reprting date. Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the organisation's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks.

#### f) Taxation

The organisation is exempted from corporation tax.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### h) Retirement benefit obligations

The organisation and its employees also contribute to the National Social Security Fund (NSSF), a statutory defined contribution scheme registered under the NSSF Act. The organisation's contributions to the defined contribution scheme are charged to the income and expenditure statement in the year to which they relate.

#### i) Accounting for leases

#### The company as a lessee

Leases of property and equipment, where the company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at cost. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges. The interest element is charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the lease period and is included under finance costs. Such property and equipment is depreciated over its useful life.

Leases of assets under which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### j) Deferred income

Deferred income is recogined for all donations of capital in nature received by the organisation against property, plant and equipment. The depreciation charge relating to these assets is charged against the deferred income.

#### k) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STAEMENTS

#### 1. Assets

# Year ended 31 December 2017

	Land & Building Shs	Motor Vehicle Shs	Computers & printers Shs	Furniture & fixtures Shs	Total Shs
Cost At start of year Additions	17,181,824	1,779,450	85,813	1,067,979	20,115,066
At end of year	17,181,824	1,779,450	85,813	1,067,979	20,115,066
<b>Depreciation</b> At start of year Charge for year	<u>-</u>	1,216,421 140,757	65,209 6,181	419,118 81,108	1,700,748 228,046
At end of year		1,357,178	71,390	500,226	1,928,794
Net book value	17,181,824	422,272	14,423	567,753	18,186,272

# Year ended 31 December 2016

	Land & Building Shs	Motor Vehicle Shs	Computers & printers Shs	Furniture & fixtures Shs	Total Shs
Cost At start of year Additions	17,181,824	1,779,450	85,813	1,038,984 28,995	20,086,071 28,995
At end of year	17,181,824	1,779,450	85,813	1,067,979	20,115,066
<b>Depreciation</b> At start of year Charge for year At end of year	- 	1,028,745 187,676 1,216,421	56,379 8,830 65,209	326,423 92,695 419,118	1,411,547 289,201 1,700,748
Net book value	17,181,824	563,029	20,604	648,861	18,414,318

2. Cash and cash equivalents	2017 Shs	2016 Shs
Equity Bank A/c No. 0680297283662 Cash balances	302,143 80,428	122,371 12,412
	382,571	134,783

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, the year-end cash and cash equivalents comprise the above.

The organisation is not exposed to credit risk on cash and bank balances as these are held with sound financial institutions.

The carrying amounts of the organisation's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	150,621	150,621
Other payables	1,365	19,963
Khoya & Company	115,000	110,000
PAYE	2,830	4,982
NHIF	7,950	5,950
NSSF	23,476	9,726
Current		
3. Trade and other payables		
	382,571	134,783
Kenya Shillings	382,571	134,783

In the opinion of the directors, the carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate to their fair value.

The carrying amount of the organisation's trade and other payables are denominated in Kenya Shillings.

The maturity analysis of trade and other payables is within 3 months.

4. Grants		
Restricted Grants	2017 Shs	2016 Shs
Mumias Kids Centre Association - Switzerland	11,505,984	11,099,892
	11,505,984	11,099,892
5. Other income		
Bank interest		

6. Cash (used in)/generated from operations		2017 Shs	2016 Shs
Reconciliation of (deficit)/surplus from operations to cash (used in)/generated from operations:		5115	5115
Surplus from operations	Page 7	19,742	(439,232)
Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 1) Changes in working capital: - trade and other payables		228,046	289,201 28,996
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	=	247,788	(121,035)

#### 7. Risk management objectives and policies

#### Financial risk management

The organisation's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The organisation's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the club's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the management committee and in close collaboration with the directors. The management committee identifies, evaluates and mitigates financial risks in close co-operation with various departmental heads.

#### a) Market risk

#### - Foreign exchange risk

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures primarily with respect to the foreign currency. The risk arises from future transactions, assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position. As at the reporting date, there were no material foreign currency balances.

#### b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

#### 8 Risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### b) Credit risk (continued)

None of the financial assets that are fully performing has been renegotiated in the last year.

Exposure to this risk has been quantified in each financial asset note in the financial statements along with any concentration of risk.

# c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash to meet obligations as they fall due. The organization ensures its inflows and outflows are matched sufficiently to minimize its exposure on liquidity risk.

Notes 5 and 6 disclose the maturity analysis of trade and other payables and borrowings and respectively.

#### 9 Fund management

The organization's objectives when managing fund are:

- to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide benefits for the stakeholders; and
- to maintain a strong asset base to support the development of project.

To manage the funds, the organization runs on annual budgets approved by the board of directors in conjunction with the respective project donors.

### 10. Registration

The organisation is registered in Kenya under section 10 of the Non-Governmental Organizations Co-ordination Act (1995) vide certificate No. OP. 218/051/2009/0531/6135.

#### 11. Exemption certificate

The organization obtained an exemption certificate number 20130705/2123 from Kenya Revenue Authority for a period of 5 years commencing 05/07/2013 to 05/07/2018.

#### 12. Presentation currency

These financial statements are prepared in Kenya Shillings.

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE

13.	PROJECT COSTS	Actual	Budget	Actual
		2017 Shs	2017 Shs	2016 Shs
a)	Home Based Care Support	5115	SIIS	5118
ŕ	Food & Other consumables	3,205,345	2,442,000	2,787,092
	Clothing & Beddings House Goods	155,355 415,987	250,000 950,000	138,802 417,475
	Fuel ( Charcoal & gas)	116,160	78,000	76,950
	Medical costs	305,907	300,000	527,620
		4,198,754	4,020,000	3,947,939
			, ,	
b)	Education Support School & Exam fee	213,007	285,000	155,303
	School uniforms & supplies	512,659	100,000	410,465
	-	725,666	385,000	565,768
	<del>-</del>	723,000	303,000	303,700
c)	Farm Expenses			
	Ploughing & planting costs	39,219		50,105
	-	39,219		50,105
d)	Capital Expenditure Furniture, fixtures & equipment			28,995
	rumnure, fixtures & equipment			
	-	<u>-</u> _		28,995
	TOTAL PROJECT COSTS	4,963,639	4,405,000	4,592,807
14.	PERSONNEL COSTS			
	Salaries & wages	2,887,902	3,025,500	3,168,497
	Security charges National Social Security Fund (NSSF)	901,330 239,590	758,297	734,845 289,952
	National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF)	145,450	_	162,000
	Pay As You Earn ( PAYE)	42,441		64,353
	-	4,216,713	3,783,797	4,419,647
15.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	207.200		260 605
	Electricity & water Legal services	207,209 8,410	-	260,605
	Charitable Childrens Instituitions Membership Contributio	2,200	-	2,000
	Insurance & licences	27,550	27,650	18,584
	Registration Renewal	2,000	-	6,300
	Stationery & consumables	9,240	-	19,855
	Telephone & postages Motor Vehicle running costs	52,795 310,479	333,000	59,025 782,690
	Travelling & transport	126,935	-	230,960
	Audit & accountancy fee	225,000	225,200	110,000
	Christmas Gift Expenses	250,000	246,200	266,000
	Repairs & maintenance	220,666	62,500	256,055
	Office expenses Generator Fuel & lamps	174,385 29,000	41,500	204,220
	Accident Compensation	278,000	278,000	
	Lost Cash	135,000	135,000	-
	-	2,058,869	1,349,050	2,216,294
16.	FINANCIAL COSTS			
	Bank charges & Interest	18,975		21,175
	-	18,975	<del>-</del>	21,175

# **Mumias Kids Centre**

# Banking Analysis

Month	Deposits	Withdrawals	Bank Charges
Jan-17	766,325	683,047	1,265
Feb-17	1,020,583	629,876	1,320
Mar-17	1,032,967	1,515,099	2,640
Apr-17	980,540	768,735	2,035
May-17	979,927	818,583	1,650
Jun-17	805,980	1,020,345	1,595
Jul-17	1,165,220	1,224,247	1,595
Aug-17	768,825	710,828	1,320
Sep-17	822,908	949,244	1,485
Oct-17	794,420	725,642	1,155
Nov-17	1,170,590	782,483	990
Dec-17	1,197,700	454,292	1,925
	#######	10,282,420	18,975
		1024816.25	
		11,307,237	198,748
			333,531
			314,556